

Formal Model and Verification

Exercise 9: Symbolic on-the-fly safety analysis and liveness analysis

1. We have the following GCM program rules with integer variables x, y, z .

when $(x==1)$ may $x = 0; y = I; z = y;$

when $(x==0 \ \&\& \ z > 0)$ may $z = z-1;$

when $(x==0 \ \&\& \ y > 0 \ \&\& \ z == 0)$ may $y = y-1; z = y;$

when $(x==0 \ \&\& \ y == 0 \ \&\& \ z == 0)$ may $y = y+2;$

The range of the three variables are all $[0,10]$. The initial condition of the program is $x==1 \ \&\& \ y == 0 \ \&\& \ z == 0$. Please use the on-the-fly least fixpoint algorithm for forward analysis to construct a formula for the forward reachable states from the initial states.

2. Continued from question 1, assume now we have a risk condition $y=1 \& \& z=1$. Please use the on-the-fly least fixpoint algorithm for backward analysis to check whether the system is safe or not.

3. Continued from question 1, please use the on-the-fly symbolic greatest fixpoint algorithm to construct a propositional formula that characterizes states satisfying $\exists \square(y < 2)$. According to the formula you constructed, please tell me whether the initial state satisfies $\forall \diamond(y \geq 2)$?