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$$12y'' - 5y' - 2y = 0$$

$$y(x) = e^{mx}$$

$$y'(x) = m e^{mx}$$

$$y''(x) = m^2 e^{mx}$$

$$12(m^2 e^{mx}) - 5(m e^{mx}) - 2(e^{mx}) = 0$$

$$e^{mx} [12m^2 - 5m - 2] = 0$$

$$\because e^{mx} \neq 0, \quad 12m^2 - 5m - 2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 12\left(m^2 - \frac{5}{12}m - \frac{1}{6}\right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 12\left(m + \frac{1}{4}\right)\left(m - \frac{2}{3}\right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow m = -\frac{1}{4} \text{ or } \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{y(x) = c_1 e^{-\frac{1}{4}x} + c_2 e^{\frac{2}{3}x}}$$

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$$16 \frac{d^4 y}{dx^4} + 24 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 9y = 0$$

← input

Let $y(x) = e^{mx} \Rightarrow y'(x) = m e^{mx}$

become $\Rightarrow y''(x) = m^2 e^{mx}, y''' = m^3 e^{mx}, y^{(4)} = m^4 e^{mx}$

$$16(m^4 e^{mx}) + 24(m^2 e^{mx}) + 9(e^{mx}) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{mx} [16m^4 + 24m^2 + 9] = 0$$

$$\because e^{mx} \neq 0 \Rightarrow 16m^4 + 24m^2 + 9 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 16\left(m^2 + \frac{3}{4}\right)^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow m^2 = -\frac{3}{4}, -\frac{3}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow m = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i$$

$$\Rightarrow y(x) = c_1 \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}x\right) + c_2 \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}x\right)$$

$$+ c_3 x \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}x\right) + c_4 x \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}x\right)$$

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$$y'' + y = 0, \quad y'(0) = 0, \quad y'\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 0$$

$$y(x) = e^{mx} \Rightarrow y' = m e^{mx}, \quad y'' = m^2 e^{mx}$$

$$m^2 e^{mx} + e^{mx} = 0$$

$$e^{mx} [m^2 + 1] = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \because e^{mx} &\neq 0 \Rightarrow m^2 + 1 = 0 \\ m &= \pm i \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow y(x) = C_1 \cos(x) + C_2 \sin(x)$$

$$\Rightarrow y' = -C_1 \sin(x) + C_2 \cos(x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} y'(0) &= 0 + C_2 = 0 \\ y'\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) &= -C_1 + 0 = 0 \end{aligned} \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} C_2 &= 0 \\ C_1 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{y(x) = 0} \quad \#$$

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$$y'' - 3y = 0, \quad y(0) = 1, \quad y'(0) = 5$$

$$y(x) = e^{mx}, \quad y' = me^{mx}, \quad y'' = m^2 e^{mx}$$

$$e^{mx} [m^2 - 3] = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow m^2 - 3 = 0 \Rightarrow m = \pm \sqrt{3}$$

By (10) $\Rightarrow y(x) = c_1 e^{\sqrt{3}x} + c_2 e^{-\sqrt{3}x}$

By (11) $\Rightarrow y(x) = c_1 \cosh(\sqrt{3}x) + c_2 \sinh(\sqrt{3}x)$

$$y(0) = 1, \quad y'(0) = 5$$

By (10)
$$\left. \begin{aligned} y(0) &= c_1 + c_2 = 1 \\ y'(0) &= c_1 \sqrt{3} + c_2 (-\sqrt{3}) = 5 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow c_1 = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \frac{5}{\sqrt{3}} \right), \quad c_2 = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{5}{\sqrt{3}} \right)$$

$$\therefore y(x) = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \frac{5}{\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{\sqrt{3}x} + \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{5}{\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{-\sqrt{3}x}$$

By (11)
$$\begin{aligned} y(0) &= c_1 + 0 = 1 \Rightarrow c_1 = 1 \\ y'(0) &= c_1 \sqrt{3} \sinh(0) + c_2 \sqrt{3} \cosh(0) = 0 + \sqrt{3} c_2 = 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$y(x) = \cosh(\sqrt{3}x) + \frac{5}{\sqrt{3}} \sinh(\sqrt{3}x) \Rightarrow c_2 = \frac{5}{\sqrt{3}}$$