

(4.6)

$$y'' + y = \cos^2 x \Leftrightarrow y'' + Py' + Qy = f(x)$$

$y \triangleq e^{mx}$ 
 $= 0$ 
 $= 1$

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From the auxiliary equation

$$m^2 + 1 = 0 \quad m = i$$

$$y_c = C_1 \cos x + C_2 \sin x$$

$$W = \begin{vmatrix} \cos x & \sin x \\ -\sin x & \cos x \end{vmatrix} = 1$$

$$f(x) = \cos^2 x$$

$$y_p \triangleq u_1 y_1 + u_2 y_2$$

$$y_1 = \cos x$$

$$y_2 = \sin x$$

$$y_p' = u_1' y_1 + u_1 y_1' + u_2' y_2 + u_2 y_2'$$

$$y_p'' = \dots$$

$$y_p'' + P y_p' + Q y_p = f(x)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d}{dx} [y_1 u_1' + y_2 u_2'] + P [y_1 u_1' + y_2 u_2'] + [y_1' u_1 + y_2' u_2] = f(x)$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} y_1 u_1' + y_2 u_2' = 0 \\ y_1' u_1 + y_2' u_2 = f(x) \end{array} \right.$$

$$W_1 \triangleq \begin{vmatrix} 0 & y_2 \\ f & y_2' \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & \sin x \\ \cos^2 x & \cos x \end{vmatrix} = -\sin x \cos^2 x$$

$$W_2 \triangleq \begin{vmatrix} y_1 & 0 \\ y_1' & f \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} \cos x & 0 \\ -\sin x & \cos^2 x \end{vmatrix} = \cos^3 x$$

$$u_1' = \frac{W_1}{W} = -\sin x \cos^2 x, \quad u_2' = \frac{W_2}{W} = \cos^3 x$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} u_1 = \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 x \\ u_2 = \sin x - \frac{1}{3} \sin^3 x \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow y_p = \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 x \cos x + (\sin x - \frac{1}{3} \sin^3 x) \sin x$$

$$y = y_c + y_p$$

$$= C_1 \cos x + C_2 \sin x + \frac{1}{3} \cos^4 x + \sin^2 x - \frac{1}{3} \sin^4 x$$

$$= C_1 \cos x + C_2 \sin x + \frac{1}{3} (\cos^4 x - \sin^4 x) + \sin^2 x$$

$$= C_1 \cos x + C_2 \sin x + \frac{1}{3} (\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x) (\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x) + \sin^2 x$$

$$= C_1 \cos x + C_2 \sin x + \frac{1}{3} \cos^2 x - \frac{1}{3} \sin^2 x + \sin^2 x + \sin^2 x$$

$$= C_1 \cos x + C_2 \sin x + \frac{1}{3} \cos^2 x + \frac{2}{3} \sin^2 x$$

$$= \boxed{C_1 \cos x + C_2 \sin x + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \sin^2 x} \quad \frac{1}{3} \sin^2 x + \frac{1}{3} \sin^2 x$$

~~✗~~

$$14.6) \quad y'' - 2y' + y = e^t \tan^{-1} t \Leftrightarrow y'' + py' + qy = f$$

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The auxiliary equation:  $m^2 - 2m + 1 = 0$

$$= (m-1)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow m = 1, 1$$

$$\Rightarrow y_c \hat{=} c_1 e^t + c_2 t e^t$$

$$y_1 \hat{=} e^t$$

$$y_2 \hat{=} t e^t$$

$$W = \begin{vmatrix} e^t & t e^t \\ e^t & e^t + t e^t \end{vmatrix} = e^{2t} + t e^{2t} - t e^{2t} = e^{2t}$$

$$y_p = u_1 y_1 + u_2 y_2$$

$$\Rightarrow \int y_1 u_1' + y_2 u_2' = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} y_1' u_1' + y_2' u_2' = f \end{cases}$$

$$W_1 = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & y_2 \\ f & y_2' \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & t e^t \\ e^t \tan^{-1} t & e^t + t e^t \end{vmatrix} = -t e^{2t} \tan^{-1} t$$

$$W_2 = \begin{vmatrix} y_1 & 0 \\ y_1' & f \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} e^t & 0 \\ e^t & e^t \tan^{-1} t \end{vmatrix} = e^{2t} \tan^{-1} t$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} u_1' = \frac{W_1}{W} = \frac{-t e^{2t} \tan^{-1} t}{e^{2t}} = -t \tan^{-1} t \\ u_2' = \frac{W_2}{W} = \frac{e^{2t} \tan^{-1} t}{e^{2t}} = \tan^{-1} t \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} u_1 = -\frac{1+t^2}{2} \tan^{-1} t + \frac{t}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} u_2 = t \tan^{-1} t - \frac{1}{2} \ln(1+t^2) \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = y_c + y_p$$

$$= C_1 e^t + C_2 t e^t$$

$$+ \left( \left( -\frac{1+t^2}{2} \right) \tan^{-1} t + \frac{t}{2} \right) e^t$$

$$+ \left( t \tan^{-1} t - \frac{1}{2} \ln(1+t^2) \right) t e^t$$

$$= C_1 \boxed{e^t} + C_3 \boxed{t e^t} \quad C_3 = C_2 + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \boxed{e^t} \left[ \underbrace{(t^2 - 1) \tan^{-1} t - \ln(1+t^2)} \right] \quad \#$$

(4.6)

$$y'' + 2y' - 8y = \underbrace{2e^{-2x} - e^{-x}}_{= f(x)}, \quad y(0) = 1, \quad y'(0) = 0$$

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the auxiliary equation =  $m^2 + 2m - 8 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow (m-2)(m+4) = 0 \Rightarrow m = 2, -4$$

$$\Rightarrow y_c = c_1 e^{2x} + c_2 e^{-4x} \quad \begin{matrix} y_1 \triangleq e^{2x} \\ y_2 \triangleq e^{-4x} \end{matrix}$$

$$W = \begin{vmatrix} e^{2x} & e^{-4x} \\ 2e^{2x} & -4e^{-4x} \end{vmatrix} = -6e^{-2x}$$

$$y_p \triangleq u_1 y_1 + u_2 y_2$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} y_1 u_1' + y_2 u_2' = 0 \\ y_1' u_1 + y_2' u_2 = f(x) \end{cases}$$

$$W_1 \triangleq \begin{vmatrix} 0 & y_2 \\ f & y_2' \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & e^{-4x} \\ 2e^{-2x} - e^{-x} & -4e^{-4x} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= -2e^{-6x} + e^{-5x}$$

$$W_2 \triangleq \begin{vmatrix} y_1 & 0 \\ y_1' & f \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} e^{2x} & 0 \\ 2e^{2x} & 2e^{-2x} - e^{-x} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= 2 - e^x$$

$$\begin{cases} \int u_1' = \frac{W_1}{W} = \frac{-2e^{-6x} + e^{-5x}}{-6e^{-2x}} = \frac{1}{3}e^{-4x} - \frac{1}{6}e^{-3x} \\ \int u_2' = \frac{W_2}{W} = \frac{2 - e^x}{-6e^{-2x}} = -\frac{1}{3}e^{2x} + \frac{1}{6}e^{3x} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} u_1 = -\frac{1}{12}e^{-4x} + \frac{1}{18}e^{-3x} \\ u_2 = -\frac{1}{6}e^{2x} + \frac{1}{18}e^{3x} \end{cases}$$

$$y = y_c + y_p$$
$$= C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 e^{-4x}$$
$$+ \left( -\frac{1}{12} e^{-4x} + \frac{1}{18} e^{-3x} \right) e^{2x} + \left( -\frac{1}{6} e^{2x} + \frac{1}{18} e^{3x} \right) e^{-4x}$$

$$= C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 e^{-4x} - \frac{1}{4} e^{-2x} + \frac{1}{9} e^{-x}$$

$$y' = 2C_1 e^{2x} - 4C_2 e^{-4x} + \frac{1}{2} e^{-2x} - \frac{1}{9} e^{-x}$$

$$y(0) = 1 \Rightarrow C_1 + C_2 - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{9} = 1$$

$$y'(0) = 0 \Rightarrow 2C_1 - 4C_2 + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{9} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow C_1 = \frac{25}{36}, C_2 = \frac{4}{9}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{25}{36} e^{2x} + \frac{4}{9} e^{-4x} - \frac{1}{4} e^{-2x} + \frac{1}{9} e^{-x}$$

(4.6)  $y'' + y' = \tan x$   
 $y \triangleq e^{mx}$   $f(x)$   
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The auxiliary equation =  $m^3 + m = 0$

$$\Rightarrow m(m^2 + 1) = 0 \Rightarrow m = 0, \pm i$$

$$\Rightarrow y_0 = c_1 + c_2 \cos x + c_3 \sin x$$

$y_1=1$        $y_2$        $y_3$

$$\Rightarrow W \triangleq \begin{vmatrix} 1 & \cos x & \sin x \\ 0 & -\sin x & \cos x \\ 0 & -\cos x & -\sin x \end{vmatrix} = 1.$$

$$\Rightarrow y_p \triangleq u_1 y_1 + u_2 y_2 + u_3 y_3$$

$$\begin{cases} y_1 u_1' + y_2 u_2' + y_3 u_3' = 0 \\ y_1' u_1' + y_2' u_2' + y_3' u_3' = 0 \\ y_1'' u_1' + y_2'' u_2' + y_3'' u_3' = f \end{cases}$$

$$W_1 = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & y_2 & y_3 \\ 0 & y_2' & y_3' \\ f & y_2'' & y_3'' \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & \cos x & \sin x \\ 0 & -\sin x & \cos x \\ \tan x & -\cos x & -\sin x \end{vmatrix} = \tan x$$

$$W_2 = \begin{vmatrix} y_1 & 0 & y_3 \\ y_1' & 0 & y_3' \\ y_1'' & f & y_3'' \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & \sin x \\ 0 & 0 & \cos x \\ 0 & \tan x & -\sin x \end{vmatrix} = -\sin x$$

$$W_3 = \begin{vmatrix} y_1 & y_2 & 0 \\ y_1' & y_2' & 0 \\ y_1'' & y_2'' & f \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & \cos x & 0 \\ 0 & -\sin x & 0 \\ 0 & -\cos x & \tan x \end{vmatrix} = -\sin x \tan x$$

$$\begin{cases} u_1' = \frac{W_1}{W} = \tan x \\ u_2' = \frac{W_2}{W} = -\sin x \\ u_3' = \frac{W_3}{W} = -\sin x \tan x = \cos x - \sec x \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} u_1 = -\ln |\cos x| \\ u_2 = \cos x \\ u_3 = \sin x - \ln |\sec x + \tan x| \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = y_c + y_p$$

$$= C_1 + C_2 \cos x + C_3 \sin x$$

$$- \ln |\cos x| + \cos^2 x + \sin^2 x - \sin x \ln |\sec x + \tan x|$$

$$= C_4 + C_2 \cos x + C_3 \sin x$$

$$- \ln |\cos x| - \sin x \ln |\sec x + \tan x|$$

$$C_4 = C_1 + 1 \quad \text{for } -\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$$