

Quiz 1

11) $x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} = y - xy, \quad y(-1) = -1$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} = y(1-x)$$

let $x \neq 0, y \neq 0$, $\div y x^2$, $dx \rightarrow \text{RHS}$

$$\frac{1}{y} dy = \frac{1-x}{x^2} dx$$

Integrate both sides

$$\int \frac{1}{y} dy = \int \frac{1-x}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{x^2} dx - \int \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$\int \frac{1}{u} du = \ln|u| + c$$

$$\int u^n du = \frac{u^{n+1}}{n+1} + c \quad n \neq -1$$

$$|y| + c_1 = \frac{x^{-2+1}}{-2+1} + c_2 - \ln|x| + c_3$$

c_1, c_2, c_3 some constants

$$\ln|y| = \frac{x^{-1}}{-1} - \ln|x| + c_4$$

$$c_4 = c_3 + c_2 - c_1$$

$$= -\frac{1}{x} - \ln|x| + c_4$$

$$= \ln|y| + \ln|1| = -\frac{1}{x} + c_4$$

$$\Rightarrow \ln|yx| = -\frac{1}{x} + c_4$$

$$\Rightarrow |y x| = e^{-\frac{1}{x} + C_4}$$

$$= e^{-\frac{1}{x}} \cdot e^{C_4}$$

$$y_x = (\pm e^{c_4}) e^{-\frac{1}{x}}$$

$$y_x = C e^{-\frac{1}{x}}$$

$$y(-1) = -1$$

$$(-1)(-1) = e e^{-\frac{1}{-1}} = e e$$

$$1 = ce$$

$$\Rightarrow C = e^{-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow yx = e^{-1} e^{-\frac{1}{x}} = e^{-(1+\frac{1}{x})}$$

$$\text{or } y = \frac{1}{x} e^{-(1+\frac{1}{x})}$$

Quiz

$$u(x, y) = xy$$

$$(2) \quad \underbrace{(-xy \sin(x) + 2y \cos(x))}_{\bar{M}} dx + \underbrace{(2x \cos(x))}_{\bar{N}} dy = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{M}_y &= -x \sin x + 2 \cos x \\ \bar{N}_x &= 2 \cos x - 2x \sin x \end{aligned} \quad \Bigg) \quad \bar{M}_y \neq \bar{N}_x$$

$$M = \bar{M} u = -x^2 y^2 \sin x + 2x y^2 \cos x$$

$$N = \bar{N} u = 2x^2 y \cos x$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_y &= -2x^2 y \sin x + 4xy \cos x \\ N_x &= 4xy \cos x - 2x^2 y \sin x \end{aligned} \quad \Bigg) \quad M_y = N_x$$

$$f_y \equiv 2x^2 y \cos x$$

$$f = x^2 y^2 \cos x + h(x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow f_x &= 2xy^2 \cos x - x^2 y^2 \sin x + h'(x) \\ &= M \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore h'(x) = 0 \Rightarrow h(x) = C \quad \text{some const}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{f(x, y) = x^2 y^2 \cos x + C = 0}$$

Quiz

13)

$$16 \frac{d^4 y}{dx^4} + 24 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 9y = 0$$

input

Let $y(x) = e^{mx} \Rightarrow y'(x) = m e^{mx}$

become $\Rightarrow y''(x) = m^2 e^{mx}, y''' = m^3 e^{mx}, y^{(4)} = m^4 e^{mx}$

$$16(m^4 e^{mx}) + 24(m^2 e^{mx}) + 9(e^{mx}) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{mx} [16m^4 + 24m^2 + 9] = 0$$

$$\because e^{mx} \neq 0 \Rightarrow 16m^4 + 24m^2 + 9 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 16\left(m^2 + \frac{3}{4}\right)^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow m^2 = -\frac{3}{4}, -\frac{3}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow m = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i$$

$$\Rightarrow y(x) = c_1 \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}x\right) + c_2 \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}x\right)$$

$$+ c_3 x \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}x\right) + c_4 x \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}x\right)$$