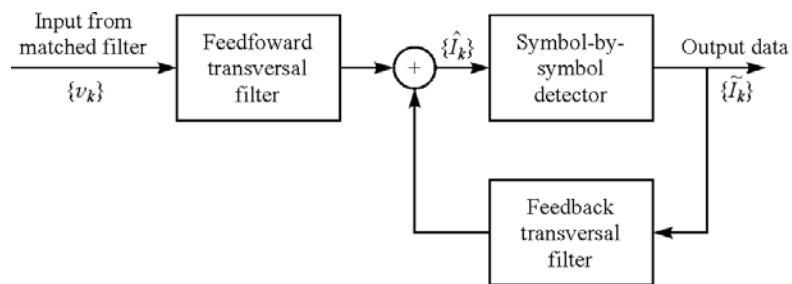


Nonlinear Equalization

Decision-Feedback Equalizer



$$\hat{I}_k = \sum_{j=-K_1}^0 c_j v_{k-j} + \sum_{j=1}^{K_2} c_j \tilde{I}_{k-j}$$

Coefficient Optimization

- Minimize MSE

$$J(K_1, K_2) = E|I_k - \hat{I}_k|^2$$

- Feedforward filter

$$\sum_{j=-K_1}^0 \psi_{lj} c_j = f_{-l}^* \quad l = -K_1, \dots, -1, 0$$

$$\psi_{lj} = \sum_{m=0}^{-l} f_m^* f_{m+l-j} + N_0 \delta_{lj} \quad l, j = -K_1, \dots, -1, 0$$

- Feedback filter

$$c_k = - \sum_{j=-K_1}^0 c_j f_{k-j} \quad k = 1, 2, \dots, K_2$$

No ISI from previous symbols if $K_2 \geq L$

Minimum MSE

$$J_{\min}(K_1) = 1 - \sum_{j=-K_1}^0 c_j f_{-j}$$

- If $K_1 \rightarrow \infty$

$$J_{\min} = \exp \left\{ \frac{T}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi/T}^{\pi/T} \ln \left[\frac{N_0}{X(e^{j\omega T}) + N_0} \right] d\omega \right\}$$

$$\gamma_{\infty} = \frac{1 - J_{\min}}{J_{\min}}$$

$$= -1 + \exp \left\{ \frac{T}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi/T}^{\pi/T} \ln \left[\frac{N_0 + X(e^{j\omega T})}{N_0} \right] d\omega \right\}$$

- If $X(e^{j\omega T}) = 1$ $J_{\min} = N_0/(1 + N_0)$

$$\gamma_{\infty} = 1/N_0$$

Example: 2 taps

- For the channel $F(z) = f_0 + f_1 z^{-1}$

$$\begin{aligned} J_{\min} &= \exp \left\{ \frac{T}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi/T}^{\pi/T} \ln \left[\frac{N_0}{1 + N_0 + 2|f_0||f_1| \cos(\omega T + \theta)} \right] d\omega \right\} \\ &= N_0 \exp \left[-\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \ln(1 + N_0 + 2|f_0||f_1| \cos \omega) d\omega \right] \\ &= \frac{2N_0}{1 + N_0 + \sqrt{(1 + N_0)^2 - 4|f_0 f_1|^2}} \end{aligned}$$

- Special case $|f_0| = |f_1| = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$

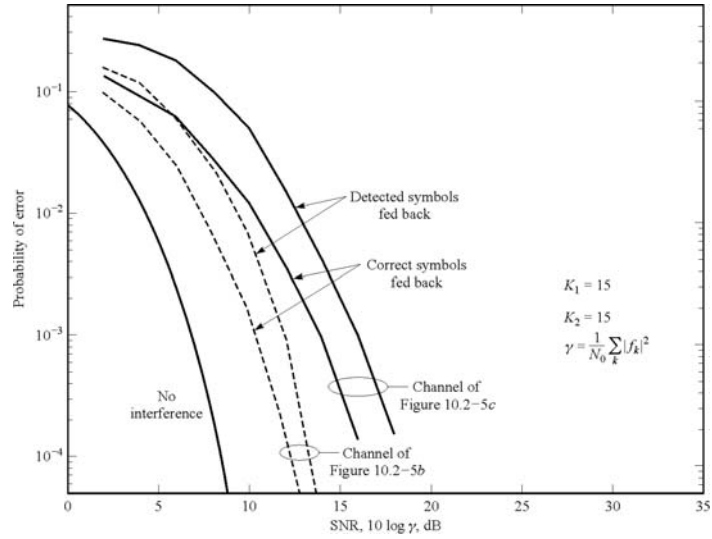
$$\begin{aligned} J_{\min} &= \frac{2N_0}{1 + N_0 + \sqrt{(1 + N_0)^2 - 1}} \\ &\approx 2N_0, \quad N_0 \ll 1 \end{aligned} \quad \gamma_{\infty} \approx \frac{1}{2N_0}, \quad N_0 \ll 1$$

Example: Exponential Decay

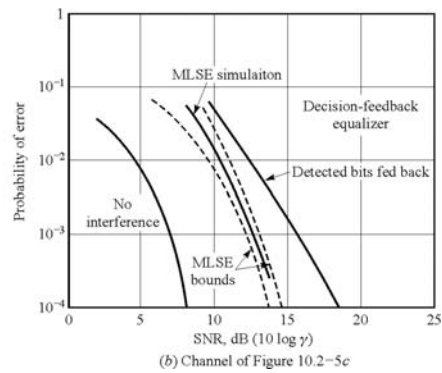
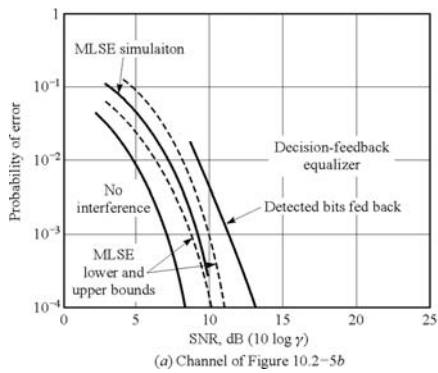
$$f_k = \sqrt{1 - a^2} a^k, \quad k = 0, 1, \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma_{\infty} &= -1 + \exp \left\{ \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \ln \left[\frac{1 + a^2 + (1 - a^2)/N_0 - 2a \cos \omega}{1 + a^2 - 2a \cos \omega} \right] d\omega \right\} \\ &= -1 + \frac{1}{2N_0} \left\{ 1 - a^2 + N_0(1 + a^2) + \sqrt{[1 - a^2 + N_0(1 + a^2)]^2 - 4a^2 N_0^2} \right\} \\ &\approx \frac{(1 - a^2)[1 + N_0(1 + a^2)] - N_0}{N_0} \\ &\approx \frac{1 - a^2}{N_0}, \quad N_0 \ll 1 \end{aligned}$$

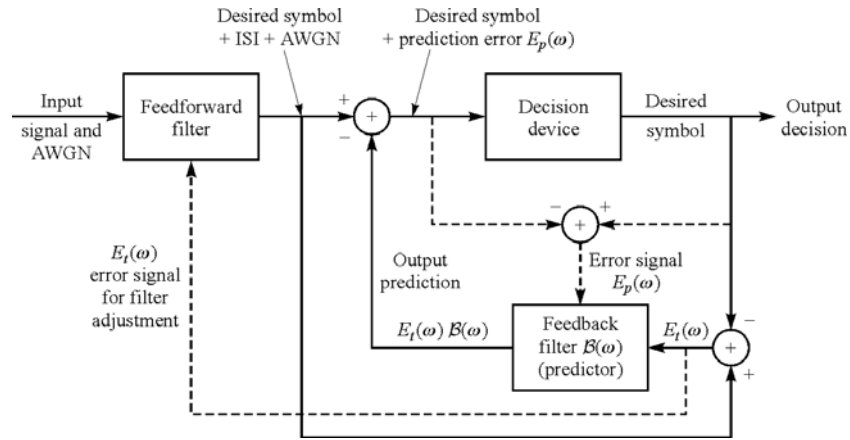
Error probability



Error Probability (cont.)



Predictive DFE



Design of Predictive DFE

- Noise spectrum at the output of feedforward filter

$$\frac{N_0 X(e^{j\omega T})}{|N_0 + X(e^{j\omega T})|^2}, \quad |\omega| \leq \frac{\pi}{T}$$

- ISI spectrum

$$\left| 1 - \frac{X(e^{j\omega T})}{N_0 + X(e^{j\omega T})} \right|^2 = \frac{N_0^2}{|N_0 + X(e^{j\omega T})|^2}, \quad |\omega| \leq \frac{\pi}{T}$$

- Noise + ISI

$$|E_t(\omega)|^2 = \frac{N_0}{N_0 + X(e^{j\omega T})}, \quad |\omega| \leq \frac{\pi}{T}$$

Design of Predictive DFE (cont.)

- With predictor

$$B(\omega) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n e^{-j\omega n T}$$

- Output error is

$$E_p(\omega) = E_t(\omega) - E_t(\omega)B(\omega) = E_t(\omega)[1 - B(\omega)]$$

with MSE of

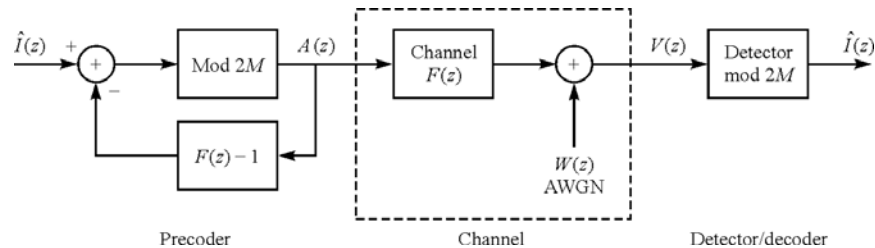
$$J = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi/T}^{\pi/T} |1 - B(\omega)|^2 |E_t(\omega)|^2 d\omega$$

- Optimal Predictor of

$$B(\omega) = 1 - \frac{G(\omega)}{g_0}$$

$$G(\omega)G^*(-\omega) = \frac{1}{|E_t(\omega)|^2}$$

Tomlinson-Harashima Precoding



- Precoder output

$$a_k = I_k - \sum_{j=1}^L f_j a_{k-j} + 2M b_k$$

$$A(z) = I(z) - [F(z) - 1]A(z) + 2MB(z)$$

$f_0 = 0$ for simplicity

$$A(z) = \frac{I(z) + 2MB(z)}{F(z)}$$

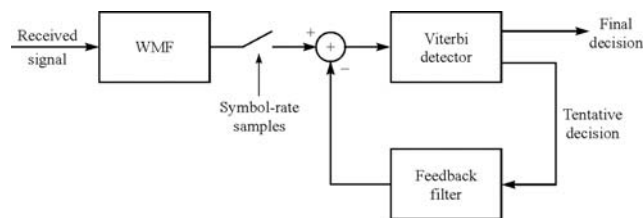
Tomlinson-Harashima Precoding (cont.)

- The output is

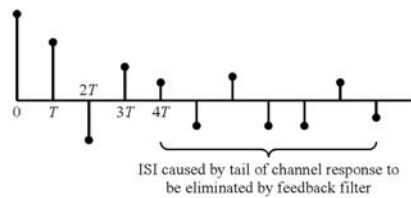
$$\begin{aligned} V(z) &= A(z)F(z) + W(z) \\ &= [I(z) + 2MB(z)] + W(z) \end{aligned}$$

No ISI at output

Reduced Complexity ML Detector



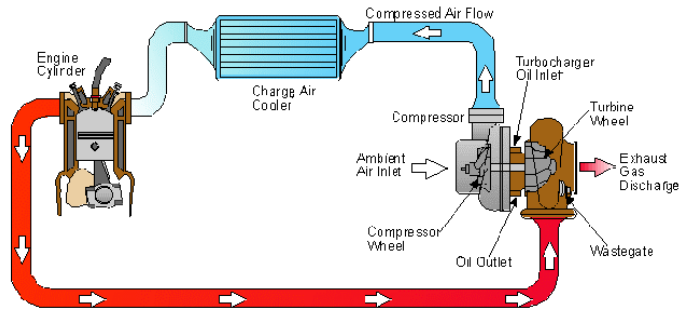
(a) Block diagram of symbol detector



(b) Channel response

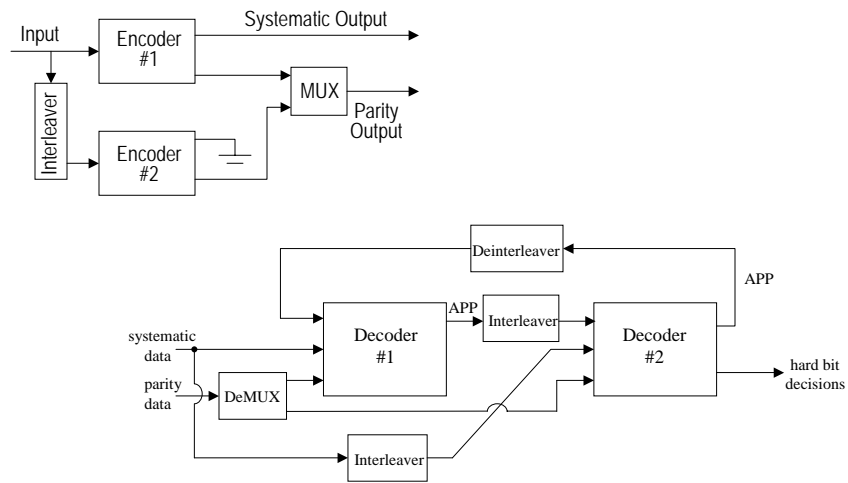
Turbo Principle

Turbo codes get their name because the decoder uses feedback, like a turbo engine.



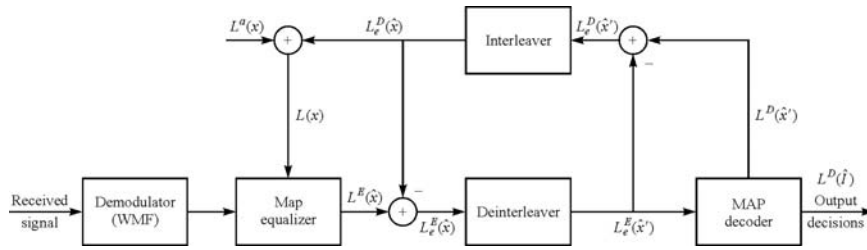
Source: M. Valenti

Turbo codes



Source: M. Valenti

Turbo Equalization



$$L(x) = \ln \left[\frac{\Pr(u_k = 1 | \text{channel output})}{\Pr(u_k = -1 | \text{channel output})} \right]$$

Performance of Turbo Equalization

